

LABOR CLARION

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No. 30

Control of Federation Is Objective of Communists

AS the time for the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor approaches, it becomes evident that the deliberations of that body, which will meet in San Francisco October 1, will be quite largely devoted to the question of "the red menace."

At the conclusion of the two weeks' session of the Federation's executive council in Atlantic City, N. J., last Saturday, William Green, president, gave out interviews in which he said that it was the belief of the council that the communists were engaged in an attempt to secure control of the American Federation of Labor, in the belief that this was "a primary requisite to world revolution." He called upon the Federation and its affiliates to purge their ranks of communists.

The council virtually completed its yearly report, to be presented to the Federation's convention, which opens in San Francisco October 1. A committee was empowered to make any changes necessary.

The report will contain Labor's analysis of the N.R.A. after a year's operation, but details were not disclosed.

* * *

Evidence of "Boring From Within"

With a declaration that communists are "boring from within" the unions under instructions from Russia, the A. F. of L. president demanded that the Department of Labor deport forthwith those communists who are illegally in this country. President Green said:

"Reports show that advocates of communism are complying with instructions of the Russian Third Internationale to 'bore from within' the local and national organizations of labor.

"They became increasingly active immediately following the recognition of Soviet Russia by the

government of the United States. They seem to be of the opinion that the capture and control of the American Federation of Labor is a primary requisite to world revolution.

"Where the communist members make up the 'cells' in local organizations of the A. F. of L., they carry on their propaganda in an insidious way. In other instances, where they gain strength through numbers, they resort to violence of the most reprehensible character."

Declaring the philosophy of communism in direct conflict with the philosophy of trade unionism, Green continued:

* * *

Sees Opportunity in Strikes

"Communism is anti-American and is committed to world revolution. It sees in every strike an opportunity to overthrow the existing order, to promote revolution, and to destroy capitalism and establish Sovietism."

Green disclosed the reported activities of communists had been considered by the executive council in its ten-day session, and said a three-point program was mapped against "both the open and concealed attempts of communists to force the imposition of their philosophy upon the working people of our nation." These three points are:

* * *

Three-Point Program Proposed

First—To call upon all subordinate organized units to "ferret out" the communists and to expel them from membership.

Second—To call upon members of organized labor to resist attempts to impose communism upon them through violence, force, intimidation or any other methods; to call upon governmental authorities to protect trade unionists who seek to comply with agreements made with employers.

Third—To ask the Department of Labor to deport alien communists.

* * *

New Vice-President Elected

Prior to adjournment of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor at Atlantic City, N. J., the resignation of James Wilson of Cincinnati, as fourth vice-president of the Federation was accepted, and George M. Harrison, also of Cincinnati, was elected to fill the vacancy. Harrison will become eighth vice-president.

Wilson declined at the recent convention of the Pattern Makers' League of North America, of which he was president, to seek re-election to that office.

Harrison is president of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks, and is acting chairman of the Railway Labor Executives' Association.

* * *

May Reopen Automobile Code

A reopening of the dispute over the automobile code appeared likely with disclosure that President William Green of the American Federation of Labor may formally request a public N.R.A. hearing on amendments to the labor section of the code, which expires September 4. It was learned that Green already has notified N.R.A. officials infor-

mally that he intends to seek the changes, particularly in the controverted "merit clause"—the language that allows the automobile industry to hire and fire employees solely on a merit basis and without regard to affiliations with labor organizations.

The threat of a nation-wide strike in the cotton textile industry finds Washington officials watching the trend of the cost of living with some concern. Some foresee a possibility that if living expenses continue to mount a wave of strikes for higher pay might conceivably result. Wholesale commodity prices last week reached their highest point since March, 1931. Food prices were among the leaders. Most strikes since industry took a new lease on life last year resulted from disputes over unionization. Wage strikes have been few.

* * *

Restoration of C.W.A. Is Sought

American Federation of Labor officials completing a two weeks' study of economic and industrial conditions, have expressed belief there would be a "substantial upturn" in business after Labor Day.

"That upturn will be traceable," said William Green, president of the Federation, speaking for the executive council, "to the improvement that will come following the seasonal decline that inevitably occurs in the summer months and to stimulation from the N.R.A."

Executive officers of the Federation, he said, will carry to President Roosevelt immediately an appeal for restoration of the C.W.A.

The Labor Department reported last week that 359,000 workers were dropped from industrial payrolls last month, with a weekly wage loss of \$10,460,000, accrediting the decline largely to "seasonal factors, combined with labor disturbances, drought and extreme heat."

The industries included employed 1,300,000 more workers during the month than they had on their payrolls in July last year and total wages were \$41,000,000 greater.

Shipping Men Heard

The President's National Longshoremen's Board resumed its hearings this week of the issues involved in the recent waterfront strike. Last week was devoted to the presentation of the case of the union under the direction of Henry Melinkow. This week the shipping men are having their inning.

To lay the foundation for their side of the strike, their attorney, Herman Phleger, called as the first witness Captain Joseph G. Ludlow, an official of the California Stevedore-Ballast Company, which has contracts for loading many of the large liners.

Captain Ludlow's testimony was highly technical, having to do principally with shiploading methods. He did not touch on working conditions or wages until late in his appearance. His recital occupied practically all of the session.

On Tuesday the board members, Archbishop Hanna, Edward F. McGrady, Assistant Secretary of Labor, and O. K. Cushing, San Francisco attorney, witnessed a "movie" show of a film taken by the employers to depict working conditions on the waterfront.

Union Labor Mayor

Union labor has been signally honored in Long Beach in the choice by the newly elected City Council of Carl Fletcher, editor of the Long Beach "Labor News" and member of the Painters' Union, to be mayor of that thriving city. He took office on Tuesday last.

Fletcher was elected a member of the City Council at an election last week necessitated by the recall of the old council in an election held July 10 last. At an organization meeting of the new council last Monday he was unanimously elected mayor.

Fletcher was for several years business agent of the Painters' Union, and retired from that position to become editor of the "Labor News." He has been an energetic and enthusiastic worker in the cause of union labor, and his co-workers throughout the state will watch his official activities with interest.

Senator Johnson Will Speak at Celebration In Civic Auditorium

Senator Hiram W. Johnson, orator of the day, will address the hosts of organized labor at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of Labor Day, in the Civic Auditorium.

A former announcement that the address would be delivered in the evening, preceding the Labor Day ball, proved unsatisfactory to many, and a conference of officials and committees reported to the General Labor Day Committee a recommendation for the change, which was indorsed.

It is promised that the decoration of the Auditorium for the literary exercises and the ball will be of an elaborate nature, and will emphasize the patriotic note. The Municipal Band, under the direction of Phil Sapiro, will furnish the music both afternoon and evening.

In all probability a public address system will be installed outside the Auditorium for the benefit of those unable to secure seats in the hall and to hear the address of California's progressive senator. While the capacity of the building is large, it is expected to be taxed to the utmost, and in all likelihood there will be a large overflow.

Arrangements for Great Parade

At the weekly meeting of the General Labor Day Committee last Saturday announcements were made by several unions and joint councils of the naming of marshals and their aids to assist in the orderly conduct of the parade. For the Joint Council of Teamsters, comprising the Sixth division, John P. McLaughlin has been chosen marshal, with Charles Real and T. J. Kennedy acting

as aides. For the First division, composed of the theatrical unions, Anthony Noriega was selected as marshal, with Clarence King and Robert Wakeman as aides.

A letter from Mayor Rossi, in answer to the request of the committee for the erection of reviewing stands opposite the City Hall, stated that the matter had been referred to Chief Administrator A. J. Cleary; and it is understood that the stands are to be erected. These will accommodate about three hundred persons, and are to be reserved for the use of old and infirm union men and women unable to parade, together with the guests of the committee. Admission to the stands will be by ticket, and a group of Boy Scouts will act as ushers. Tickets are to be issued on application from the various unions, who will designate not more than two of their members.

The parade will start from the Embarcadero promptly at 10 a. m., following a line of march up Market street to Fulton, thence to Larkin street, to Grove, to Polk, north on Polk, passing the reviewing stands in front of the City Hall, and disbanding at Golden Gate avenue.

Literary Exercises and Ball

The doors of the Auditorium will be thrown open at 2 p. m., one hour before the literary exercises commence. These will consist of a program of music and other entertainment, and the address by Senator Johnson.

The ball in the evening will be preceded by an entertainment, and at its conclusion, at 9:15, the grand march will commence. The committee reported that box seats will be reserved for labor officials on the main floor.

The entertainment will begin at 8 p. m. and the doors will be open at 7.

The Music Committee reported that eighteen bands already had been engaged for the parade, and numerous unions reported that additional bands may be needed. The Metal Trades alone will require two or three bands. The visiting committee reported great enthusiasm for the Labor Day celebration and parade, and all indications are that it will be a demonstration of labor strength not seen in San Francisco for many years.

Twenty-two or more trophies, in the form of silver cups, will be awarded to unions competing in the parade, three trophies to be awarded in each feature of competition.

The Labor Day History Committee reported that it will submit two versions of its history of Labor Day, one to be used as a school text book and the other for general information.

THE GERMAN DESIGNATION

Reported a German newspaper on seeing Premier Goering of Prussia in his all white silk costume: "The premier stood out from the brown background of his followers like a silver swan." So they call them swans instead of pansies in Germany—Federated Press.

San Francisco Meet Of Labor Federation To Be Record-Breaker

The convention of the American Federation of Labor, which is to open in San Francisco on October 1 next, in all probability will smash all records, on the basis of careful statements by Secretary Frank Morrison, according to International Labor News Service.

Membership figures will not be known until the executive council reports to the convention, and even then it is possible that real membership may exceed the official figures, perhaps by as many as a million, possibly by more than that. It can be said that there is an enormous "potential membership" in unions that have been established within the past twelve months.

Defection of a group of Detroit automobile workers is causing no great official concern. Undoubtedly new charters will be issued and in the process certain company and other influences will be eliminated. A sounder union structure is expected to result.

Union Label Campaign

Among other developments surrounding the session is the launching of a new and more vigorous union label campaign under the leadership of the Union Label Trades Department officers, Matthew Woll, president, and I. M. Ornburn, secretary-treasurer. The board of the Department elected Ornburn to fill the unexpired term and work will proceed at once in the direction of promoting the use of label goods on a new basis, with a wider and more vigorous effort to promote the use of label goods among trade unionists and their friends and with a campaign to promote a general public understanding of the significance of the union label and its guarantee of quality and American workmanship on commodities.

No Conflict With Blue Eagle

A number of new and striking methods of operation, in keeping with the times, are under consideration and it may be expected confidently that the union label will play a larger part in labor affairs and in the general merchandising world. There will be no conflict with the blue eagle, but the blue eagle will not be allowed to detract from the meaning of the union label.

NOW CITY OF TENANTS

Philadelphia, which formerly proclaimed itself as the "city of homes," has become a city of tenants. Since 1925 sheriff's sales have changed the ownership of 113,704 homes, nearly one-third of the city's total. Add the cases where deeds have been surrendered to save foreclosure costs and the number goes well above 35 per cent.

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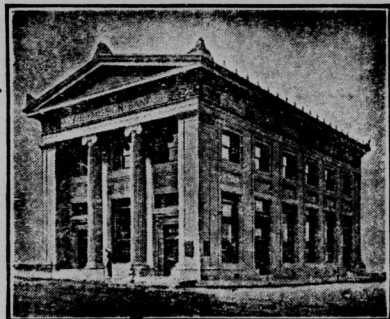
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Post Office Clerks To Hold Convention

Elaborate preparations have been made by San Francisco Post Office Clerks' Union No. 2 for the entertainment of the twelfth annual convention of the California Federation of Post Office Clerks, which will convene at the Hotel Whitcomb, in San Francisco, on Saturday, September 1, at 1 p. m.

"The Local That Knows How" has invited United States senators and representatives, the mayors of San Francisco and Oakland, the president and secretary of the San Francisco Labor Council, Mayor Rossi and many other dignitaries to be its guests at the convention banquet, at which National President Leo E. George will be the guest of honor, and Carl T. Frisvold, an honored member of the local, will be on the program.

The plans outlined by the committee in charge include registration of delegates and visitors at the Hotel Whitcomb on Saturday afternoon, September 1; convention dance, with refreshments at Native Sons' Hall in the evening; Sunday, September 2, at 1 p. m., the customary Flaherty memorial services will be held at the hotel; at 2 p. m. a business session of the convention will be held; at 6:30 Sunday evening the convention banquet will take place; Monday morning will be devoted to participation in the Labor Day parade, in which delegates and visitors will march with the local members; on Monday afternoon there will be a business session of the convention, and the Ladies' Auxiliary will convene at the same time, also at the Whitcomb Hotel.

In urging members to be in the line of march on Labor Day the committee says: "In this way you may demonstrate that you are grateful for the many benefits you have received through the American Federation of Labor. Be loyal to those who have proved their loyalty to you."

Long Beach Central Labor Body Denounces Political Chicanery

Having had called to its attention a political pamphlet extolling the virtues of Acting Governor Merriam while a member of the state Assembly and, later, a member of the state Senate and lieutenant-governor, ostensibly sponsored by members of organized labor in different parts of the state, the Central Labor Council of Long Beach, at its meeting Tuesday night, bitterly condemned by a motion, that was unanimously passed, the members whose names appeared on the pamphlet.

Of a total of ten officers of the "Merriam for Governor Union Labor Club," the names of J. T. Curley of Plumbers' local of Long Beach and John V. McGinnis, Bricklayers' Local of Los Angeles, appear as sponsors for Merriam.

The Central Labor Council, in condemning their position, wishes the public to know that the two individuals are acting solely on their own responsibility and without the sanction or approval of the organized labor groups.

It was pointed out that both men are employed in a public capacity, Mr. McGinnis by the state

government and Mr. Curley by the City of Long Beach.

It was further ordered that the two men retract their statements and withdraw their names from the list of sponsors appearing on the circular before August 28 or they would be considered unfavorable to the organized labor movement of the State of California.

The pamphlet in question cites the fact that Merriam voted favorably on labor bills since 1917, which everyone in the labor movement knows to be incorrect.

It is unfortunate that any member of labor would lend his name to any such document.—Long Beach "Labor News."

Splendid Work of Father O'Kelly Is Recognized by Government

Father O'Kelly of the Apostleship of the Sea has been informed that the National Emergency Relief Administration is planning to take over his little building at Pacific street and the Embarcadero, where the devoted priest has fed thousands of hungry seafaring men and others.

But the work of Father O'Kelly will continue in a different location. He has been given permission by Archbishop Hanna to relinquish his lease on the building so that the federal government may step in. A new location will be chosen later.

The attention of the federal government was directed to the work of Father O'Kelly by Miss Margaret C. Klem, a representative of the Federal Emergency Relief Administration. Father O'Kelly has received a letter from Miss Klem thanking him for information in regard to the work among unemployed seamen and longshoremen.

Demand the union label and show that you belong to an organization that helps the workers.

Johnson Overruled by National Labor Board

The press of the country is chuckling with glee over a lengthy decision rendered by the National Labor Board, which "clamped down" upon the worthy General Hugh S. Johnson in much the same manner as he has employed against recalcitrant employers.

The decision ordered the reinstatement of John L. Donovan, president of the N.R.A. Federal Employees' Union, who had been discharged because, as he and his associates contended, of union activities.

Johnson gave as reasons for the discharge "inefficiency and absence from duty," but the board found that these were not the controlling reasons, and ruled that Donovan should be immediately reinstated as technical adviser to N.R.A.'s Labor Advisory Board.

The union president led a delegation into Johnson's office last June 18 to seek reinstatement of another discharged employee and refused to leave until an appointment had been made to see the Recovery chieftain.

"After reviewing all the evidence we are satisfied that the controlling reason for Donovan's discharge was his conduct as the head of that delegation," the board said.

The board, however, smoothed the ruffled feathers of the N.R.A. administrator by declaring:

"We think it is fair to conclude that General Johnson's objection was not to the union, but to being bothered by the union's delegations, and that his discharge of Donovan was not a conscious and deliberate attempt to cripple the self-organization of his employees."

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Editor and Manager



SUBSCRIPTION RATES

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(When subscribing for entire membership)	
Single copies05

Change of address or additions to union mail lists must come through the secretary of each organization. Members are notified that this is obligatory.

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FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1934

"Boring From Within"

For years the American Federation of Labor and its affiliated unions have been aware of the pernicious activities of communists engaged in the endeavor to work the destruction of legitimate trade unions by "boring from within."

There has been no secrecy about this policy on the part of the communist organizations and publications, yet when charged with participation in this activity they invariably deny it. A favorite plan is to create a feeling of distrust against union officials, by charging them with "selling out" labor.

During and since the "general strike" in this city anonymous leaflets of scandalous import have been circulated, the chief object of which has been to vilify every union representative in any way active in the conduct of the strike. Especially bitter have been the attacks on the Labor Council and its officers.

A recent issue of the communist organ in this city gives a detailed plan of how the "boring from within" is to be conducted. It says:

"The foremost task is to replace the present officials, most of whom are only in the business of selling labor. Just so long as they remain in office they paralyze the power of the workers. Rank and file groups must be formed in all local unions to consist of those who sincerely will fight for control of the union by the members, and that their decisions be carried out."

Other interesting excerpts from the "red" publication are as follows: "Local unions should repudiate the policy of the Labor Council and their officials, who are part of the bosses' political machines." "Demand that communist candidates be invited to speak before your local." "It is with the joint organized action of all such unionists in the locals that a basis will be formed for MAKING THE GREAT CHANGE."

Loyal trade unionists should be on their guard against these disruptionists. Formerly it was the employer who endeavored to create distrust of union officials who carry on the work of unionism. Now they have the co-operation of this little band of wreckers, working through their agents within the unions, who have taken the same obligation or oath of fealty to their organization as have the bona fide trade unionists. Once the confidence of members in their officials has been undermined, the theory is that they will turn to the "young, honest fighters" who take their orders from Moscow via the communist party.

The union label on any product is a guarantee that it was made in America by American workers.

Merriam's Version of Strike

Governor Merriam's account of his activities during the "general strike" in San Francisco does not altogether square with the facts. The thousands of American workers engaged in that demonstration of labor solidarity will not relish the declaration that they were a "group of aliens" who "undertook to set up a provisional government in San Francisco."

The governor also, intentionally or otherwise, conveys the impression that the troops were called in after the "general strike" was in progress. The fact is that the calling in of troops was responsible more than anything else for the sympathetic strike. Until the National Guard occupied the waterfront the "general strike" agitation was of a desultory character, and was not seriously considered by the majority of the unions.

Governor Merriam also says that "from that disturbance has come an opportunity for labor unions to purge their memberships of radicals." The governor does not define "radicals," but it is possible that he means, as laconically remarked by "Fritz" in a recent issue of the Labor Clarion, "Ach! id's efferyvone bud der boss."

Let the "Show-Down" Come

Employers in the great steel industry, in the face of a threatened strike of the workers to enforce the right to organize and to deal collectively with their employers, have reiterated their intention to resist "to the last ditch." They are reported to have told President Roosevelt that they would "close up their places, lock out everybody, and offer their establishments a free gift to the government, rather than submit to union rule."

It is becoming increasingly apparent that this question of the rights of the workers under Section 7-a of the Recovery Act must be settled sooner or later, and the "show-down" might as well be now.

Writers in the daily press, intentionally or otherwise, persistently befog the issue in this controversy by referring to unionization of the plants as "union rule." Hearst's Brisbane is one of the chief offenders, especially so as none better than he knows that no such condition is involved in the recognition of the right to organize and to exercise the privilege of collective bargaining. Bargaining for wage scales with organized employers implies nothing resembling "rule" of the industry by the union. It takes two to make a bargain.

The employers in the steel industry, as in other lines, zealously guard their right under the Recovery Act to organize, and the majority of employers in that industry control its policies. Just as sedulously they oppose the rights granted under the same act to the workers. So far the government has taken no pronounced stand for enforcement of the workers' rights.

It is high time that the N.R.A. authorities assert themselves; and if it should happen that they determine to stand upon the law, and the steel barons feel impelled to turn their plants over to the government, so be it!

A Story With a Moral

An interesting letter from "A Printer's Wife" is printed in the "Kern County Labor Journal." Desiring to send some of her husband's and her own clothing to the cleaners', she dug up the cards of cleaning and dyeing firms which had been left at her home. Finding that the printing had been done outside of Bakersfield, she called up the Cleaners and Dyers' Union and learned that not one of the local cleaners and dyers had his printing done in Bakersfield. The fair writer says her husband is a Bakersfield printer, and "Los Angeles printing does not pay his wages." She continues:

"Now, we make frequent trips to Los Angeles, Long Beach and other points in the south. Prices are lower in that section of the state, so from now on I expect to bundle up my suits and dresses

and have them cleaned and pressed by the southern California price-cutters. My conscience will probably hurt me for doing so, but if the cleaners of Bakersfield can save a few cents on their printing by going south with it, why shouldn't I do the same thing with my cleaning and pressing?"

The lady is a member of the Women's Auxiliary of the Typographical Union, and she promises to tell the story at the next meeting of that body, "and I'll venture the prediction that the business lost by these penny-pinching cleaning houses will amount to many times the small sum they save by buying cut-rate Los Angeles printing."

"A Printer's Wife" refutes the old slur on the fair sex to the effect that they are illogical, and she also shows what a wonderfully effective weapon the unions possess in the women's auxiliary in the fight for recognition of the union label and in favor of home industry.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

C. C. Young a Friend of Labor

In accordance with the non-partisan political policy of the American Federation of Labor, the undersigned members of the trade-union movement believe that the record of C. C. Young warrants the recommendation of his candidacy to all friends of social and economic progress and respectively urge those who are registered as Republicans, the nomination which C. C. Young is seeking, to vote for him at the coming primary election. The duties of the positions occupied by the undersigned brought them in close contact with the Governor's office and the California State Legislature and they can therefore speak with authority on the subject.

A notable record of laws that appeals to all is shown by a scrutiny of some of the legislation passed at the two sessions of the California Legislature during the period C. C. Young was Governor. There stands out in the list State aid for the aged, a measure that brightens the declining years of those men and women who have need of financial help.

A substantial pension for the blind is the result of another law passed by the Legislature and signed by Governor Young.

An increase in the amount paid to injured workers, from \$20.83 to \$25 a week, gives California front place in this important respect. Approximately \$1,250,000 a year additional is being paid to those who have been hurt in their employments.

The new labor measures and the strengthening of laws on the statute books make up a splendid list. They include improvements in the women's eight-hour law, the legislation that affects payment of wages, preferred labor claims, loggers' liens, the mechanics' lien law, eight hour law on public work, the child labor law, misrepresentation of conditions of employment, and many others.

Dr. John B. Andrews, secretary of the American Association for Labor Legislation, says:

"Out of 400 labor laws passed in the United States during the four years when Young was Governor, California led all States—California's new laws beneficial to labor totaled 66, all passed by the Legislature and signed by Governor Young."

Governor Young's record in relation to humanitarian legislation is not confined to the signing of these measures alone, but is shown in the report of every session of the California Legislature since he first became a member of the Assembly, more than twenty years ago, and all during the time he was Speaker of the Assembly, Lieutenant-Governor and Governor.

M. J. McDonough, President Building Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor and Chairman the Labor and Capital Committee of the Assembly.

Paul Scharrenberg, Secretary California State Federation of Labor, in charge of labor legislation at State Capitol, Sacramento, for many years.

Will J. French, former Director of the State Department of Industrial Relations.

Earl J. Cook, International Representative of the Sheet Metal Workers' Union and a member of the Housing and Immigration Commission of California.

Walter G. Mathewson, member of the Sheet Metal Workers and State Labor Commissioner of California for ten years.

J. F. Cambiano, President of the State Council of Carpenters.

George Irvine, State Legislative Representative Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.

F. E. Reynolds, Chairman State Legislative Board Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

Harry See, State Representative Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

A. G. Welt, State Legislative Representative Order of Railway Conductors.

James Matthews, Vice-President California State Federation of Labor, Santa Barbara.

Ros. Mannina, Vice-President California State Federation of Labor, San Jose.

Walter Emes, International Representative of the Brotherhood Painters and Paperhangers.

J. H. LaForce, International Representative of the Steamshovel and Dredgemen.

William P. Burtz, Business Representative Culinary Workers' Alliance of San Joaquin County and Local Organizer American Federation of Labor.

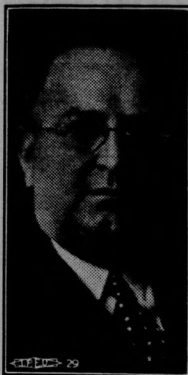
J. C. McBride, President San Joaquin County Building Trades Council.

Joe Haffiger, Vice-President International Association of Sheet Metal Workers, Sacramento.

William A. Spooner, Secretary of the Central Labor Council of Alameda County and for many years interested in humanitarian legislation.

T. J. Roberts, Business Manager Engineers' Union, Oakland.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

San Francisco Needs a New State Senator

San Francisco needs more than a mere "voting" senator whose only record is to "vote right."

We need "leadership" for this city in the State Senate—a senator who can win over the opposition.

**Walter
McGOVERN**

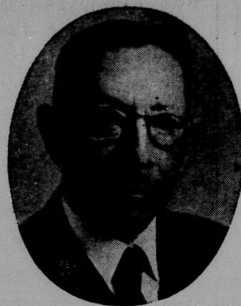
FOR STATE SENATOR

A Tried and True Friend of Labor
Endorsed by Building Trades Council

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENTS

20 YEARS TAXATION EXPERIENCE

RE-ELECT—



**John C.
CORBETT**

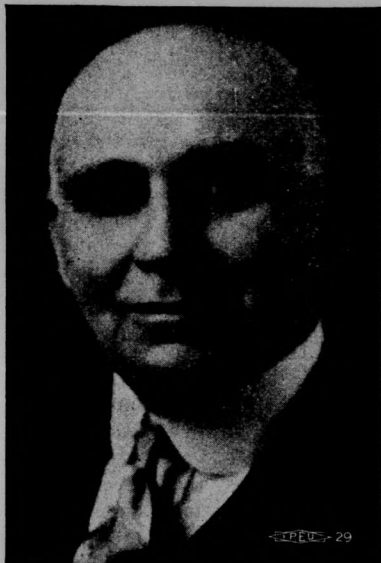
MEMBER

State Board of Equalization
FIRST DISTRICT

Integrity - - Efficiency

The Man Who Lowered Your Tax Bill
100 Per Cent Union Labor

THE RECORD SPEAKS!



GOVERNOR FRANK F. MERRIAM

THE California "Merriam-for-Governor Union Labor Club," composed of union men, respectfully submits for your consideration the labor legislative record of Governor Frank F. Merriam.

This authentic statement of some of the enactments of the California State Legislature contains a summary of a number of the principal measures advocated by organized labor, all of which measures were championed and voted for by Governor Frank F. Merriam during the terms he served as assemblyman and as state senator.

This summary of labor measures records also the laws of value to organized labor that were adopted in the State Senate during the term that Governor Merriam presided over the State Senate as Lieutenant-Governor of California.

Among the outstanding labor measures that were advocated and voted for by Frank F. Merriam are the following:

Anti-Yellow Dog Contract Bill:
(Assembly Bill No. 315)

Declares anti-union contracts between employer and employee as against public policy and void.

Labeling of Prison Made Goods:
(Assembly Bill No. 1240)

This law makes it a misdemeanor to sell Prison Made Goods unless they are labeled and advertised as such, thus eliminating a great source of unfair competition.

Anti-Coercion Bill:
(Assembly Bill No. 1025)

Makes illegal the practice of employers forcing employees to buy goods only of the employer.

Assembly Bill No. 728: Provides penalties for fraudulent use of union labels.

Assembly Bill No. 84: Employment Agency Act. Licenses private employment agencies, and gives Labor Commissioner authority to adjust controversies.

Assembly Bill No. 88: Women's Eight Hour Law. Provides that "Home-Work" by factory employees is a violation of the eight hour law.

Workmen's Compensation Insurance Law Amendments:
(Senate Bill No. 582)

Gives Superior Courts rights to issue injunctions to enforce the State Safety laws, and fixes responsibility of contributory negligence on employer, agent, etc.

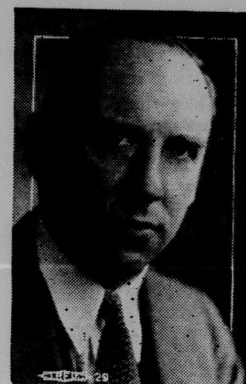
Child Labor Law Amendment:
(Assembly Bill No. 553)

Widens scope of law, provides part time schools for schooling required, and fixes penalties for violations.

Children's Eight Hour Law Amendment:
(Introduced by Mr. Merriam)
(Assembly Bill No. 154)

Provides limits of hours of work by minors, forbids the employment of illiterates in certain industries, protects incompetents, and provides penalties for violations thereof.

Governor Merriam Deserves Your Support



ELECT

**Hartley
Russell**

TO

**State Board
of Equalization**

"A tax authority for a tax office"

Facts of Interest to Convention Delegates

Under the call issued by the American Federation of Labor for the annual convention to be held in San Francisco beginning Monday, October 1, central bodies and state federations, and local unions not having a national or international union, and federal labor unions, will be entitled to one delegate each. National and international unions of 4000 or more members will have two delegates; 8000 or more, three delegates; 16,000 or more, four delegates; 32,000 or more, five delegates; 64,000 or more, six delegates; 128,000 or more, seven delegates; 256,000 or more, eight delegates, and so on.

Organizations to be entitled to representation must have obtained a certificate of affiliation (character) at least one month prior to the convention; and no member will be recognized as a delegate who is not a member in good standing of the organization he is elected to represent. Only bona fide wage-workers, who are not members of, or eligible to membership in other trade unions, are eligible as delegates from federal labor unions.

Delegations must be elected at least two weeks previous to the convention and their names must be forwarded to the secretary of the American Federation of Labor immediately after their election. Delegates are not entitled to seats in the convention unless the tax of their organization has been paid in full to August 31, 1934.

Under the constitution of the Federation resolutions of any character or propositions to change any provision of the constitution can not be introduced after the second day's session without unanimous consent.

Under the law no grievance can be considered by the convention which has been decided by a previous convention except upon the recommendation of the executive council, nor will any grievance be considered where the parties thereto have not themselves previously held conference and attempted to adjust the same.

A list of hotels numbering thirty-five, together with their rates, is given in the official call, and reservations may be made by delegates and visitors by addressing John A. O'Connell, secretary of the convention committee, at the Labor Temple. The headquarters of the executive council will be at the Whitcomb Hotel.

The call also gives a list of railroads which have

agreements with the railroad shop crafts organizations affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, furnished by President Jewell of the Railway Employees' Department. Included in the list are the Union Pacific, Western Pacific, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific, the Canadian Pacific and the Canadian National.

Summer excursion rates will be available to delegates and visitors to the convention. Final honoring date for summer excursion tickets is October 31.

UNION TEACHER SEEKS OFFICE

Members of the San Francisco Federation of Teachers are interesting themselves in the candidacy of one of their calling for the office of state superintendent of public instruction. He is John Harold Swan, English instructor at the Sacramento Junior College, and his name is listed among those to be voted upon in the coming primaries. Mr. Swan is president of Sacramento Chapter of the American Federation of Teachers, and is vice-president of the national organization. He holds a master's degree from the University of California.

Washington, D. C., Is Preparing Great Labor Day Celebration

The capital city of the nation will formally celebrate Labor Day, September 3, for the first time in many years.

The Washington Central Labor Union is sponsoring a parade and celebration, supported solidly by the Building Trades Council and the District Department, American Federation of Government Employees.

President Roosevelt and members of his cabinet have been invited to review the parade, and Fred Keating, editor of "Labor," will be one of the principal speakers.

Distributing Workers

During the world war the government applied an extensive interstate system for what was called the "clearance of labor," so that skilled workers were shifted from one part of the United States to another to meet the needs of both the government and private employers.

According to an announcement by the New York State Employment Service and the National Re-employment Service, this labor clearance system is again functioning under the provisions of the Wagner-Peyser act. The statement issued by these two services in New York City said:

"Just as Congress organized the United States Employment Service in 1917 as a war-time measure, so did it revitalize the service in 1933 through the Wagner-Peyser act to speed re-employment."

As illustrations of the efficiency of the system, the statement explained that the clearance office in New York State recently had referred applicants for positions to inquiring manufacturers in Pennsylvania, the West Indies, Louisiana, California, New Jersey and Connecticut.

CHIROPRACTIC TREATMENT

\$1.00

Evenings by appointment—Consultation free

DR. A. S. LAZARUS

Palmer Graduate

948 Market CHIROPRACTOR EXbrook 7648

USED CARS

BOUGHT - SOLD - EXCHANGED

Motor Vehicle Exchange

1520 Market Street

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Also Lot at 299 Valencia St., cor. 14th
12 years of Square Dealing in San Francisco

Abolition of Profits Sought by Ministers

In line with a nation-wide movement inaugurated by the General Council of the Congregational and Christian Churches, who have pledged themselves to work for "the abolition of the profit system and for a planned social economy," a little band of earnest San Francisco men, clerical and lay, has taken steps to form "a Fellowship of Those Who Care."

A statement issued by this group conveys the belief that "the regulation of capital is the greatest single issue before the American people today. It involves the life or death of this republic. Society must be delivered from the overlordship of capital and plain people released from the dominion of the 'profit motive' into a new freedom."

With this statement for a text, the "fellowship" has addressed to candidates for office in California, and especially to those seeking legislative and executive positions, the following pledge, which they are asked to sign. They term it their "Battle Cry":

"If elected governor (or legislator) of California I will without delay promote a movement to control profits in all economic relations, that capital shall be the servant of the people, and not their master."

So far the only candidate to respond to this invitation is Upton Sinclair, who declares the statement contained in the "Battle Cry" "is the very essence of our EPIC plan."

Meeting recently at Oberlin, Ohio, a group of ministers from every section of the United States adopted a resolution said to be "the most radical ever adopted by American ministers." "The profit system," it declares, "exploits one group for the benefit of the other, creates industrial and civic strife and international war, precipitates periods of unemployment, perpetuates insecurity, curtails cultural opportunities, and destroys human values, moral and spiritual."

"The flagrant social evils of capitalism," it continues, "exist side by side with potential natural abundance which the present economy is unable to utilize and distribute, however much good it may have done in the past."

The ministers pledged themselves to work for "the abolition of the system responsible for these destructive elements in our common life by eliminating the system's habits, the legal forms which sustain it and the moral ideals which justify it."

The resolution advocates the inauguration of "a genuinely co-operative social economy democratically planned to adjust production to consumption requirements, to modify or eliminate private ownership of the means of production or distribution wherever such ownership interferes with the social good."

BROTHERHOOD OFFICIAL PASSES

George S. Levi, grand secretary-treasurer of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks, died at his home in Cincinnati recently after a long illness. He was 50 years of age.

HALE BROS.

MARKET AT FIFTH

Headquarters for

Union Made

MICHAELS STERN

Clothing for Men

... see all the new styles at

\$24.75 - \$29.75 - \$34.75

HALE'S MAIN FLOOR

Unusually Good Food

MAISON PAUL

RESTAURANT



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ACCOMMODATIONS

PRIVATE BOOTHS

1214 MARKET STREET

Underhill 6798

Candidates Indorsed By State Federation

In accord with the non-partisan political policy of the American Federation of Labor, the Executive Council of the California State Federation of Labor, upon due investigation, recommends the candidates listed below as deserving of organized labor's support at the primary election on Tuesday, August 28, 1934:

For United States Senator—Hiram W. Johnson.
For Representatives in Congress—First district, Clarence F. Lea; second, Harry L. Englebright, third, J. M. Inman; fourth, Edgar C. Levey; fifth, Richard J. Welch; sixth, Albert E. Carter (Rep.), Avery C. Moore (Dem.); seventh, Charles D. Heywood (Rep.), John H. Tolan (Dem.); eighth, Ernest E. Williams; ninth, B. W. Gearhart; tenth, Joseph Bredsteen; eleventh, William E. Evans (Rep.), James S. O'Connor (Dem.); twelfth, Frederick F. Houser; thirteenth, Charles Kramer; fourteenth, Thomas F. Ford; fifteenth, William I. Traeger (Rep.), Charles Miller (Dem.); sixteenth, Charles W. Dempster (Rep.), William H. Fitchmiller (Dem.); seventeenth, A. P. (Tony) Entenza or Cecil R. King; eighteenth, Walter H. Sullivan; nineteenth, Sam L. Collins or James L. Davis.

For State Senate—Second district, Henry McGuinness; sixth, Emery L. Meyers; eighth, Edwin A. McDaniel; tenth, James Myers; twelfth, Herbert W. Slater; fourteenth, Roy Fellom; sixteenth, William F. Knowland (Rep.), James R. Agee (Dem.); twentieth, Bradford S. Crittenden; twenty-second, J. C. Garrison; thirty-second, Leile Grimsley; thirty-fourth, J. I. Wagy; thirty-sixth, Ralph E. Swing (Rep.), Eben R. T. Blomquist (Dem.); thirty-eighth, Joseph L. Pedrotti (Rep.), Culbert L. Olson (Dem.).

For the Assembly—Twentieth district, Thomas A. Maloney; twenty-first, Joseph P. Gilmore; twenty-second, J. P. Hayes (Rep.), George R. McGrath (Dem.); twenty-third, William B. Hornblower; twenty-fourth, Patrick J. McMurray or Harry F. Morrison; twenty-fifth, Melvyn I. Cronin; twenty-sixth, Ray Williamson; twenty-seventh, Jefferson E. Peyser; twenty-eighth, Louis Mercado, Jr.

Indorsements of candidates for the Assembly were made in most of the districts of the state, but only the San Francisco districts are given here.

Be consistent and not faint-hearted—demand the union label and get it. Nothing can take its place.

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Henry's Dairy Lunch

FOOD OF QUALITY

3036 Sixteenth Street San Francisco

LEON BERNSTEIN

B. & G. BEAUTY SHOPPE
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\$2.45—Inecto Hair Dyeing including two Shampoos
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Manufacturers of
HIGH-GRADE GOODS
Oakland Branch: 501 FRANKLIN ST. Phone Lakeside 1248
Los Angeles Branch: 105 COURT ST.
2987 FOLSOM ST., Near 26th, SAN FRANCISCO
Phone Mission 5744

TIP TOP CLUB

130 KEARNY ST. - Top Floor - SAN FRANCISCO
At noon - After office hours - After the theatre
The finest mixed in "TIP TOP" Fashion
Ladies welcome No cover charge

Striking at the admission of James J. Broz of the Southern Pacific Post of the American Legion, that organized legionnaires "took care of the communists" in the recent raids on radical headquarters, the American Civil Liberties Union has offered \$1000 to be paid to charity if Broz will go on the witness stand and repeat his statement before an American jury. The offer was made in the form of a letter signed by Austin Lewis, local counsel of the union, a national organization of liberals for defense of constitutional rights.

United States Becomes Member Of League Labor Organization

The United States agreed on Monday last to become a member of the International Labor Organization, an adjunct of the League of Nations, designed to improve the workingman's conditions throughout the world.

Acceptance by President Roosevelt of an invitation to join was made known by the State Department.

Government representatives emphasized that the acceptance, authorized by Congress last session, does not involve the United States in any obligations under the covenant of the League of Nations.

Striking Workers Fingerprinted By Order of New York Magistrate

Magistrate Overton Harris in the Tombs Court in New York ordered fingerprints taken of three men and two women knit goods strikers who police said had created a "disturbance" in front of a knit goods store. Samuel Markewich, lawyer for the Knit Goods Workers' Union, protested that the court had no legal right to issue such an order.

"I think it is a very good thing to fingerprint them," the magistrate retorted. "We'll know them after this."

Markewich replied that his clients had the right to strike and that President Roosevelt had declared that labor had the right to organize.

"I don't agree with President Roosevelt," interrupted the magistrate. "You do, I suppose; but I'm not like you. I don't agree with the President."

On being informed that the prisoners had no previous police records, the magistrate fined each of them \$10.

ARTHUR CHAMES Market 9085

TEMPLE GRILL

2974 SIXTEENTH STREET

San Francisco

Under New Management 100% Union

PHONE: Market 2573

DR. WALTER VAUGHAN

CHIROPDIST - FOOT SPECIALIST
Arches and All Foot Ailments
Special Brown-blit Shoes Fitted

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The Rochester Clothing Co.

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Clothing, Furnishings and Hats
CORNER MISSION AND THIRD
Specializing in
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FOOD OF QUALITY

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SPLENDID LAUNDRY

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Candidates' Answers to Mooney Questionnaire

In answer to a questionnaire sent by Tom Mooney on August 4 to various candidates for governor, Mooney has received a letter from Upton Sinclair, restating his position that his very first act as governor of the state of California will be to pardon Mooney. His exact words are: "I am publicly pledged to pardon you as my first official action."

Taking the same position as Sinclair, Dr. Forrest E. Dowey states that he is fairly conversant with the major points of the Mooney case, and that he bases his opinion upon the facts of the entire affair, properly weighed and considered without bias. He promises unconditional pardon for Mooney and states:

"I would pardon Mr. Mooney within one week after becoming governor, for the reason that I do not find the man guilty, and feel that I could thoroughly support my position in so doing."

J. T. Malaby, Democratic candidate, has answered that he has given the Mooney case a great deal of study, but that he can not commit himself on the question of whether or not he will pardon Mooney, stating that he wishes to be fair. He asked to be brought in contact with Mooney's southern California representative. He asks further to have a brief statement of the most conclusive evidence of Mooney's innocence for his campaign directors to analyze. He wishes further to note in what manner the citizens of California may be informed of his statement in the event that he made one.

CO-OPERATION ILLUSTRATED

If you don't believe in co-operation, just observe what happens to a wagon when one wheel comes off.—"The Watchman."

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SALES STORE

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WE ALWAYS UNDERSELL

GROCERIES
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SHOES
DRY GOODS

HERMAN'S HATS

Union Made

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William W. Hansen Manager
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1096 VAN NESS AVE. SO. at Twenty-second St.
New Funeral Home and Chapel
Telephone Mission 0276

Office Hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Evenings—Mon., Wed. & Fri. 7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

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CONSULTATION FREE
Suite 414 Anglo Bank Bldg., 830 Market Street
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UNITED STATES LAUNDRY

Telephone Market 6000
1148 HARRISON STREET
VISITORS WELCOME

We Wash Everything With Ivory Soap

The EVANGELINE

RESIDENCE FOR WOMEN
Weekly Rates: \$7.00 to \$9.00 INCLUDES MEALS
44 McALLISTER STREET
MAJOR CAROLINE ANTRIM, Manager

RUN O' THE HOOK

(This department is conducted by the president of San Francisco Typographical Union No. 21)

To the Chairmen of All Chapels: The Labor Day Committee of No. 21 desires that you post the following or a similar notice on your bulletin board:

"MARCH IN THE LABOR DAY PARADE
Monday, September 3.

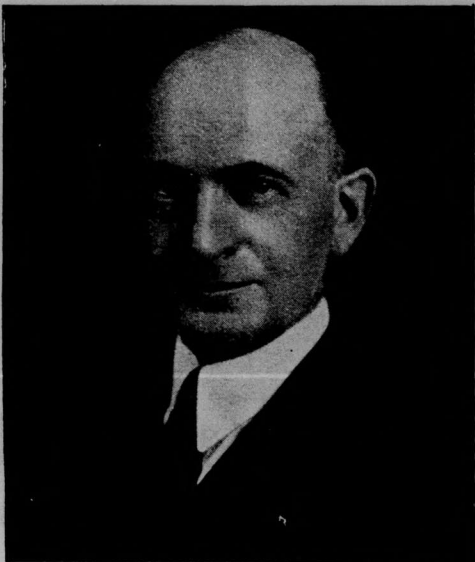
"Typographical Union will assemble
on Davis Street (north of Market)

"Time: Not later than 10:15 a. m."

We suggest that you reprint the above in larger display, and also make it your business to otherwise interest chapel members in this great demonstration, and secure their participation. Which chapel chairman will be the first to guarantee 100 per

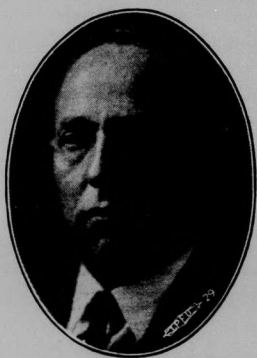
POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

LABOR'S CANDIDATE



ELECT
EDGAR C. LEVEY
to
CONGRESS

From the Fourth District
Endorsed by the San Francisco Labor Council
A FIGHTER — A LEADER — A LEGISLATOR



Ira F. Thompson

Associate Justice of the
Supreme Court

Is a Candidate to succeed himself.
He is known to be experienced,
industrious, tolerant and courageous.
He ought to be elected.

Vote for Him!

cent attendance from his chapel? And which member of the chapel will be the first to start the ball rolling in that direction? Charles Crawford of the "Chronicle" was named marshal of No. 21's section at Sunday's meeting, and will appoint his aides. The Allied Printing Trades Council will be represented with a float. What is your duty to your organization and the general labor movement on that day?

J. F. ("Frank") Corey died at the Laguna Honda Home last Sunday, following a paralytic stroke. Some three weeks previously the deceased had been stricken and was first taken to the San Francisco Hospital. A native of Pennsylvania, he had been a resident of San Francisco for many years and was well known in the commercial branch, but in recent years had been on the pension roll of the I. T. U. He was regarded as a good workman, though he was of a most retiring and quiet disposition. Funeral services, under the auspices of the union, were held last Wednesday afternoon from the James H. Reilly parlors, with interment in Woodlawn Memorial Park. Pall bearers were A. Zirzow, E. R. Helmes, H. I. Dill, T. J. Dignan, S. Grassis and W. W. Carter. Deceased was 66 years of age.

At last Sunday's meeting of the union there were seven initiations, two of which were as apprentice members. Three membership applications were received. The 1 per cent assessment voted last month was ordered discontinued for the future, and the amount paid on July earnings covering that assessment will be returned to each member through the office chairman as soon as the necessary compilations have been prepared in the secretary's office. Application for use of the union label by the Broadside Printing Company was given the approval of this union. The subject of the State Employment Relief Administration establishing a printing plant to perform its

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

A New Dealer

for the

Progressive Minded
Democrats and Republicans!

SEND

TRAMUTOLO

TO CONGRESS
Fourth District

Re-Elect

STATE SENATOR
ROY FELLOM

Always a friend
of Labor

own work, at ruinous wages in comparison with those paid by the offices with whom it comes into direct competition on this class of work, was presented to the meeting. That business firms should be taxed and union wage scales assailed, under the guise of "recovery" program, is becoming a form of aiding in one's destruction which seems to demand serious legislative attention, and the subject was placed in the hands of the executive committee to lend aid to other groups in combating such competition. Diplomas were presented to Alfred G. Bonchero and Andrew Donofrio evidencing the completion of their study course in printing. An appropriation was made for use of the Labor Day Committee and its report received as progressive. An amendment to the election laws changing the hours for closing chapel polls went over for thirty days for consideration, under the usual rule. J. A. W. Macdermott of the "Chronicle" chapel was chosen reading clerk to fill the unexpired term.

President Hollis appeared in the chair at Sunday's meeting following an illness that has confined him to his home four weeks. He has also made a daily trip to headquarters this week and expects to be permanently on the job next week. Secretary-Treasurer Michelson had hoped to also be present, for a short time at least, at the meeting, but was delayed in starting and finally abandoned the trip. He is making gradual improvement and is able to take auto rides when weather permits, following three months' confinement to hospital and home. This paragraph will be welcome news to the entire membership.

M. G. Coats, assistant ad foreman of the "Examiner," had the misfortune to break his arm last week, having slipped and fallen while carrying a page ad. But he saved the ad and the edition went in on time.

Emory D. Harris went out as ship's printer on a liner that will call at the Australian and South Sea ports.

Joseph McAleese, who is a son of D. W. McAleese, foreman of the "Wall Street Journal," will represent San Francisco in the international Star Boat regatta, to be held here in September. Sailing his "Corinthian IV" over the Richmond course last Sunday, he defeated the defending champion in the final elimination with a score of 11 points for the race and 53 for the series. Only two of the seven starters completed the race, which was over a white-capped bay, and McAleese's time, 2:53:21, was two and a half minutes ahead of his only rival.

Notices of the special election ordered by the union last Sunday have been mailed to all chapels, calling for a referendum vote on renewal of the unemployment relief proposition, which expires with the end of the present fiscal month. The proposal is for the 1 per cent assessment to continue until February, 1935, under the same plan as now in operation, and hence involves no increase in the percentage dues now being paid.

Expressions of deep sympathy are extended to Frank L. De Jarnatt of the "Chronicle" chapel on the death of his wife, which occurred last Saturday evening.

Older members of the union unable to march on Labor Day are asked to phone headquarters next week.

JAS. H. REILLY & CO.

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Official Undertaker of S. F. Typographical Union 21

Phone Market 0170

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BROWN & KENNEDY

FLORAL ARTISTS

Funeral Work a Specialty—Lowest Prices
3089 Sixteenth St., Near Valencia San Francisco

CULINARY UNION NOTES

By C. W. PILGRIM

The Quality, on Haight street, is still holding out, but if the men around the car barn give the same co-operation that they gave our unions at Eighteenth and Castro it will not be long before this place is 100 per cent.

The California Cafe, 1515 Fillmore, is on our unfair list, and this boss is trying to use the law against the culinary unions. So see to it that your wives and sisters do not buy bread or pastry from this house.

The joint board wishes to thank the men of the I. L. A. for their support and co-operation on the waterfront. Our business agents report many applications for the union house card.

Needle trade workers, will you please see what you can do for us in the case of Kretsch's and Greenberg's, 1231 and 1233 Golden Gate avenue? These two houses are getting family parties every week-end which we would like to see held in a union house.

We are having quite a little trouble with the chiseling bosses of a number of taverns. These fellows, instead of paying wages, are giving a concession to non-union cooks to run the eating end of the business, which is a violation of the license laws governing "on sale" of liquor. Thus they get all the profit that there is in the drinks and the cook and dishwasher work for a couple of bucks a day. The bosses in these houses which are compelled to serve food with drinks are thus undermining our conditions in the regular restaurants. Look for our card in the taverns. We draw attention to the house alongside the Fox Theater. This place is a non-union house.

Don't forget that Foster's, Clinton's, the Pig 'n' Whistle and the White Log Taverns are all unfair. If your boys or girls are going to the High

School of Commerce tell them not to patronize the White Tavern at the corner of Van Ness and Market. Look for the house card in the window, then you are sure that union hours and conditions are being protected.

COMMUNISM IN ARGENTINA

Despite government repression, communism is growing rapidly in Argentina, according to a report by the ministry of the interior, which states that more than 1600 persons charged with communist activities were arrested in 1933, but adds that most of them were released because there are no laws in Argentina which punish such activities.

Mooney Petitions for Fifth Time To Chief Executive for Pardon

A petition for pardon, consisting of 300 pages, including exhibits, was filed with Governor Merriam on Monday last by Tom Mooney, serving life imprisonment on conviction of the 1916 Preparedness Day bombing. This is the fifth time such an application has been made by Mooney to a California governor.

The petition states that the evidence adduced at his trial proved that the petitioner was entirely guiltless of participation in the bombing outrage, and that his conviction was due to a police "frame-up."

Mooney goes into the evidence quite elaborately, and asks that he be granted an open hearing where he himself may argue the petition. He urges that the governor should act on his petition without delay, saying that "any adult person in California of average intelligence who suggests that he is not familiar with the facts of the Mooney case thereby discloses to the people of California and the world the fact that he is utterly unqualified to hold any political office whatever."

MAILER NOTES

By LEROY C. SMITH

The regular monthly meeting of No. 18 on August 19 was well attended and much business was disposed of. The scale committee reported progress. The Labor Day Committee reported plans about completed, urgently requesting all members who could possibly do so to participate in the Labor Day parade.

Those interested in amateur boxing matches to be held here during the A. F. of L. convention may procure tickets for same from the secretary, Homer Hudelson, and Ray Roebeling.

Paul Lutz and Eugene Pritchard and wife returned last week from their tour to Seattle.

Charles A. Pirie, foreman of the "Chronicle," accompanied by his son, left this week for a two-weeks' visit at Bass Lake, California.

Leroy Bennetts and Fred Schroth have returned to work after visits to Los Angeles and other southern cities.

The June expense account shows M. T. D. U. officers did not draw very heavily on the treasury for traveling expenses, the secretary presenting a bill for \$150—advance expense to Salt Lake City, reasons not given. Traveling expenses not always being listed at one time, it may be additional expense of secretary to Salt Lake and probably elsewhere will appear later. But what the secretary failed to draw on the treasury for traveling expenses is somewhat made up for by the acting president, Mitchell, who charges the M. T. D. U. \$87.72 for telegrams and long distance calls on June 1, and \$13.25 on June 16, making a total of \$100.97. It would appear the routine business of the M. T. D. U. might get into a bad jam were it not for the telegraph and telephone.

Acquire the habit of calling for the union label.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

JOHN R. QUINN

Progressive Candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor

His Labor Platform

"I yield to no one in my respect for labor and its contributions to society's welfare. As Governor, I shall exert every power at my command to protect labor and its contributions against any exploitation whatsoever.

"I believe in collective bargaining by organized labor as a legitimate means for obtaining for itself greater economic advantages. I believe the State of California should aid labor to organize for collective bargaining in the same manner in which the State of California now aids agriculture to organize for co-operative marketing.

"As Governor of California, I shall propose that this be done.

"I propose to uphold the dignity of labor. I propose to enhance its economic position in economic society. I propose to give labor those economic securities in



Mr. Quinn, as Governor of California, will fight for old-age pensions, unemployment insurance, modernization of the state constitution, drastic elimination of needless governmental services, definite reduction of taxes, constitutional guarantee for free education, and he will force out of politics the power monopolies and other groups seeking special privilege.

the form of unemployment insurance that labor must have. I shall ask employers and employees, through recognized organizations, to co-operate with me to this end.

"I shall work unceasingly to elevate the economic status of labor. Within my own family are members of union labor organizations. I believe in constructive organization for labor.

"As Governor of California I shall call labor leaders to advise me in formulating a program which will serve labor best. I believe that higher wages simply means higher purchasing power, and that, in every humanly way possible, it is to the interest of employers to pay highest wages possible to labor, so labor may purchase more of the products of its own work.

"That is my specific position on labor and its problems, and to that position and end I shall work if elected Governor of California.

"I ask you to vote for me in the August 28th primaries."

S. F. LABOR COUNCIL

Labor Council meets every Friday at 8 p. m. at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp streets. Secretary's office and headquarters, Room 205, Labor Temple. The Executive and Arbitration Committees meet every Monday at 7:30 p. m. Label Section meets first and third Wednesdays at 8 p. m. Headquarters phone, MARKET 0056.

Synopsis of Meeting Held Friday Evening, August 17, 1934

Called to order at 8:15 p. m. by President E. D. Vandeleur.

Roll Call of Officers—All present.

Minutes of previous meeting approved as printed in Labor Clarion.

Credentials—Bottlers No. 293, Edward A. Rahwyler vice A. J. Rogers, deceased; Teamsters No. 85, Daniel Sweeney vice John P. McLaughlin, John E. Stewart vice Michael Casey; Laundry Drivers No. 256, Walter J. Lebricht vice William A. Connolly. Delegates seated.

Communications—Filed—Walter G. Hooke, deputy administrator N.R.A., expressing appreciation for Council's indorsement of code for the structural steel and iron fabricating industry. Ladies' Garment Workers No. 8, explaining purport of resolution sympathizing with persons jailed as vagrants was not to express sympathy for communists.

Referred to Executive Committee—From Molders No. 164, protesting against Council indorsing candidates for office. Building Trades Council, asking Council to use its good offices in unionizing work at Sutro Baths. Garage Employees No. 665, requesting assistance in enforcing local ordinances violated by private garages. Ship Clerks' Association, thanking Council for contributions received.

Referred to Secretary—Information requested by Rowland Watson, organizer of A. F. of L. at Seattle, regarding plant of Continental Can Company.

Referred to Labor Clarion—Recommendations of California State Federation of Labor, regarding indorsement of legislative candidates in the primary election to be held Tuesday, August 28.

Referred to Organizing Committee—From Frank Morrison, transmitting information and making observations on the lack of organization under food industrial codes; also relative to proposed code for grocery manufacturing industry.

Report of Organizing Committee—Requesting application for ruling be submitted to A. F. of L. regarding jurisdiction over flour mill and cereal

workers, scalars, and paper box factory workers. Secretary instructed to request ruling.

Law and Legislative Committee—Reported a plan for the formulation of a state picketing law, to permit peaceful picketing, and that resolution on the subject be presented by our delegates to the convention of the California State Federation of Labor, to unify practice in this state and preserve labor's constitutional rights. (See resolution on the subject elsewhere in Labor Clarion.) Submitted a resolution to take similar course to provide a California Industrial Recovery Act, to keep step with national act not affecting local trades and occupations. Report concurred in. (See resolution elsewhere in Labor Clarion.)

Reports of Unions—Miscellaneous Employees No. 110, Whitcomb Hotel unionized for culinary workers. Ship clerks are negotiating with the Longshoremen's Board. Culinary Unions demand patronage for the union insignia. Longshoremen are progressing in negotiations with the arbitration board.

Report of General Labor Day Committee—Committee has decided that Senator Hiram W. Johnson deliver the Labor Day oration at 3 p. m. in the Civic Auditorium on Labor Day.

Election Committee (Emil G. Buehrer, chairman) reported that Delegates Edward D. Vandeleur and John F. Coughlan received the highest number of votes for delegates to the Pasadena convention of the State Federation of Labor, and they were declared elected as such delegates.

Receipts, \$335; expenditures, \$200.

Council adjourned at 9:40 p. m.

Fraternally submitted.

JOHN A. O'CONNELL, Secretary.

Note—Patronize the union label, card and button when making purchases and employing labor.

J. A. O'C.

FOR A PROGRESSIVE POLICY

Mayor Houde of Montreal, who recently won a spectacular victory in the election for the mayoralty, announced plans for a new political party with a broad economic rehabilitation program based on land settlements for the jobless, old-age pensions, housing, maximum hours and minimum wages, and legislation making directors of corporations responsible for their official acts.

LABOR DAY PARADE

September 3, 1934

Line of March—Starting from Embarcadero at Market promptly at 10 a. m., going west on Market to Fulton, to Larkin, to Grove, to Polk, north on Polk, passing reviewing stand in front of City Hall, units disbanding at Golden Gate avenue.

First Division—Theatrical Federation.

Forms on Embarcadero north from Market. Second Division—Iron Trades Council.

Forms on Embarcadero south from Market. Third Division—District Council of Painters.

Forms on Steuart, south from Market.

Fourth Division—Labor Council Miscellaneous.

Forms on Spear street, south from Market.

The following is the formation of this division as decided at the meeting of the Labor Council this evening, Friday, August 17, to wit:

Butchers Nos. 115, 508, 203; United Garment Workers, Garment Cutters, Window Cleaners No. 44, Jewelry Workers, Ferryboatmen, Cemetery Workers, Bottlers No. 293, Ladies' Garment Workers No. 8, No. 101; Cleaners, Dyers and Pressers, Electrical Workers Nos. 151, 537, Grocery Clerks, Shoe Clerks, District Council of Clerks, Longshoremen and Marine Unions, Coopers, Vulcanizers, Street Carmen's Unions No. 518, 1004, Gas Appliance and Stove Fitters, Watchmen, Tailors No. 80, Trades Union Promotional League, Professional Embalmers, Federation of Teachers No. 61, Barbers No. 148, Optical Workers, Technical Engineers and Draftsmen, Hatters, Laundry Workers, Cooks No. 44, Waiters No. 30, Waitresses No. 48, Miscellaneous Employees No. 110, Local Joint Board, Pastemakers, Bakers No. 24, Cracker Bakers No. 125, Cracker Bakers' Auxiliary, Upholsterers.

Fifth Division—District Council of Carpenters.

Forms on Drumm street, north from Market.

Sixth Division—Joint Council of Teamsters.

Forms on Main street, south from Market.

Seventh Division—Allied Printing Trades Council.

Forms on Davis street, north from Market.

Eighth Division—Building Trades Miscellaneous.

Forms on Beale street, south from Market.

WE DON'T PATRONIZE LIST

The concerns listed below are on the "We Don't Patronize List" of the San Francisco Labor Council. Members of Labor Unions and sympathizers are requested to cut this out and post it.

American Tobacco Company.
Baker, Hamilton & Pacific Co.
By Block Service, 251 Kearny.
California Building Maintenance Co., 20 Ninth
Clinton Cafeterias.
Co-Op Manufacturing Company.
Domestic Hand Laundry, 218 Ellis.
E. Goss & Co., Cigar Mfg., 113 Front.
Foster's Lunches and Bakeries.
Goldberg, Bowen & Co., grocers, 242 Sutter.
Goldstone Bros., manufacturers of Dreadnaught and Bodyguard Overalls.
"Grizzly Bear," organ of N. S. G. W.
Hollywood Dry Corporation and its Products.
Manning's, Inc., Coffee and Sandwich Shops.
Mann Manufacturing Company, Berkeley.
Market Street R. R.
Marquard's Coffee Shop and Catering Co.
Purity Chain Stores.
San Francisco Biscuit Co. (located in Seattle)
The Mutual Stores Co.
Torino Bakery, 2823 Twenty-third.
Traung Label & Litho Co.
Union Furniture Co., 2075 Mission.
All Barber Shops open on Sunday are unfair.
All non-union independent taxicabs.

YOU CAN HELP

Keep Local Workers Employed
Insist on these brands!

CANT BUST'EM

BOSS OF THE ROAD

SAN FRANCISCO'S BIG VALUES IN UNION MADE WORK CLOTHES

QUALITY vs. CHEAPNESS

Maintaining Our Reputation for Quality
Cleaning and Finishing at Moderate Prices

Our Process of Careful Cleaning and Expert
Finishing Makes Your Clothes Wear Longer

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RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED

The following resolutions were adopted by the San Francisco Labor Council at its regular meeting on Friday, August 17:

Reduction of Working Hours

Whereas, The American Federation of Labor has declared in favor of the general reduction of the hours of labor in all industries as the only practical and permanent solution of the problem of unemployment; and

Whereas, The National Recovery Program has made a signal and successful beginning in this direction by prescribing in the majority of codes established under the National Industrial Recovery Act a working week of forty hours; and

Whereas, The power to in this manner effectively regulate the hours of labor, on the part of Congress and the federal government, is restricted to trades and occupations engaged in interstate commerce or affected by such commerce, and all other trades and occupations are subjected to regulation by their respective states in regards to the hours of labor; and

Whereas, Uniformity in standards of hours of labor, both in each state and in the nation at large, will be necessary in order to synchronize the taking effect and operation of such standards and to minimize any friction and discriminatory effects caused thereby in the process of reduction of the hours of labor for all trades and occupations, and such uniformity of standards and operation will be the chief aim and problem in the realization of this ideal for the abolition of unemployment; therefore, be it

Resolved, That all labor organizations in California affiliated to the American Federation of Labor, and all progressive citizens and civic organizations devoted to the cause of progress and common humanity, be and are hereby urged to unite and co-operate on the economic and political field of this state and nation for the purpose of establishing the uniform standard and observance of the six-hour day and the thirty-hour week in all trades and occupations, and that this policy be pursued in such manner as to cause a minimum of friction between the interests involved; and be it further

Resolved, That legislation for the establishment of a state Industrial Recovery Act be devised and enacted to keep California industries in step and harmony with national recovery legislation, in order that no undue discrimination and harmful competition, based on differences in hourly standards of work, between California and other industrial states, may result.

State Picketing Law

Whereas, The question of picketing in cases of strikes and boycotts remains confused and without

means of satisfactory legal control, whether judicial or administrative, by reason of judicial precedents in this state seeking to maintain the antiquated legal doctrine that "there is no such thing as peaceful picketing," and through the existence of arbitrary local ordinances enacted under the police power by counties and cities, with a view of suppressing all publicity and knowledge of the existence of local labor troubles, and employing for that purpose the device of prohibiting the wearing of any banners or signs, the making of any noise or verbal appeal, and the loitering in front of the place of work or business of the unfair employer; and

Whereas, Peaceful picketing has been sanctioned as lawful under the equity power by the United States Supreme Court, under the federal legislative power by the Congress, and under their respective police powers by many states and political subdivisions; and such peaceful picketing in the best equity and legislative practice, as expressed in subdivision (e) of Section 4, of Chapter 90, of the Act of Congress signed by the President of the United States March 23, 1932, makes lawful and sanctions, whether singly or in concert, the doing of acts "(e) giving publicity to the existence of, or the facts involved in, any labor dispute, whether by advertising, speaking, patrolling, or by any other method not involving fraud or violence"; and

Whereas, This lack of modern state legislation works untold harm and injustice in the industrial life of this state, and enables selfish industrial managers and employers to take undue advantages of labor and deny to labor the constitutional rights granted under the Constitution to all free citizens; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the legislative representatives of the various labor bodies of this state, including the California State Federation of Labor, who may be in attendance upon the 1935 session of the State Legislature, be and are herewith urged and requested to secure the enactment of a state-wide measure defining and regulating peaceful picketing, in conformity with an enlightened state policy and the rights of labor under the Constitution.

LAUNDRY WORKERS ELECT DELEGATES

The election of six delegates to the approaching convention of the California State Federation of Labor, which will be held at Pasadena in September, Laundry Workers' Union No. 26 on Tuesday last developed into an interesting contest. Nearly a thousand votes were cast for eight nominees, and the successful candidates were Charles Keegan, Anna Brown, Earl Allard, Jack O'Keefe, Margie Lydon and Lawrence Palacios.

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Appointive Judiciary

Addressing the Commonwealth Club last night on the proposal sponsored by the State Bar Association for the appointment of judges in California by the governor from lists submitted to him by three officials from every county, Edward D. Vandeleur, president of the San Francisco Labor Council, said in part:

"If this plan is ever permitted to operate, we may be sure that fresh and large quantities of 'dirt' will be shoveled into state politics. It is certainly not designed to purge politics nor to remove it from the control of special interests.

"A 'reform' more treacherous to public welfare was never devised. Under the present system of elections of judges by the people mistakes may creep in; but we have never found in this democratic country that such mistakes were corrected by substituting a small group of selfish autocrats for popular government.

"This plan is an open invitation to bribery, threats, exchange of favors and other crooked operations to come into free play and bring about the degeneration of our judiciary. The three men who are to submit the list of eligible judges may or may not be honest. At any rate they will be surrounded by temptations. Even should they wish to be honest and to act in good faith, what assurance is there that they are competent to make fair and intelligent selections? And, in the end, one man—the governor—will have the power to say what shall mete out justice, who shall declare guilt or innocence, who shall pronounce life or death."

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POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT



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Between 6th and 7th

Outing of Eureka Boiler Works Proves Enjoyable to Hundreds

A real, old-fashioned picnic, with a ball game, dancing and elaborate refreshments, was enjoyed last Sunday at Congress Springs by the officials and employees of the Eureka Boiler Works of San Francisco, together with their wives and families and many friends.

The weather was unusually fine, and rather warm, which accounted for the consumption of liberal quantities of beer, in addition to other beverages. Also there were plenty of eatables and other good things that go to make a real picnic.

A ball game between the Boiler Makers and Machinists was featured. Ed Brady managed the Boiler Makers' team and Bill Brady acted in the same capacity for the Machinists. Monte Connelly was the official scorekeeper and J. Ricci, business representative of Boiler Makers' Lodge No. 6, acted as umpire. "Excess of refreshments" and darkness (this is according to the official report) necessitated the calling off of the game at the end of three innings, when the score stood: Boiler Makers, 16; Machinists, 15.

A prize waltz, with J. Ricci as judge, developed some rather clever diplomacy on the part of that gentleman. He awarded the first prize to a Machinist, the second to a Boiler Maker, the third to a Machinist, and the fourth to a Boiler Maker.

Five hundred persons attended the gathering, and they were unanimous in complimenting Luke Biggins, president of the firm, for the enjoyment of the occasion.

TRADES UNION PROMOTIONAL LEAGUE

Official Minutes of Meeting Held August 15, 1934

The Trades Union Promotional League held its meeting Wednesday, August 15, 1934, in Mechanics' Hall, Labor Temple. The meeting was called to order by President Thomas A. Rotell at 8:10 p. m., and on roll call the following were noted absent: B. A. Brundage, W. A. Edwards and S. S. King. The minutes of the previous meeting, held August 1, were approved as read.

Credentials: From Carpet, Linoleum and Tile Workers' Union No. 1, for Tom Shrock, vice A. Rivello. Credentials accepted and the delegate was seated.

Communications: From Building Trades Council, minutes; noted and filed. From the A. F. of L., requesting all unions and their members to send messages to the N.R.A. administration voicing their protest against the adjustment made in the Harriman Hosiery Company's restoration of the blue eagle; filed. From the Laundry Drivers' Union, requesting the members of organized labor to patronize laundries employing union white help; to be posted. From Photo Engravers' Union No. 8, submitting a list of fair shops in northern California; referred to the secretary.

Bills were read and referred to the trustees.

Secretary's Report stated that he has been busy on many angles relative to wearing apparel for Labor Day; also on the float. Report approved.

Reports of Unions: The delegate from Mailers' Union No. 18 stated that the secretary must have misunderstood him in his report at the meeting of July 18, wherein he stated that it was the Typo-

graphical Union that received the 10 per cent raise in wages and not the Mailers' Union. The secretary gladly makes the correction. Coopers' Union No. 65 reported work is slack; also reported that the firm of Hiram Walker & Sons, Inc., manufacturers of Canadian Club, Hiram Walker's DeLuxe Rye and DeLuxe Bourbon, buy their cooperage from the National Woodware Company of Peoria, Ill., which is unfair to the Coopers' Union. Hatters' Union reported work fairly good just now; having local union-made hats placed in many retail stores, yet there are many Eastern non-union hats, especially in the down-town district stores; always look for the union label before you buy; will have a float in the Labor Day parade. Garment Workers' Union No. 131 stated some departments are still working on government work, but in the shirt line there is no work at all; when ordering shirts for the Labor Day parade be sure and look for the union label. The delegate from Electrical Workers' Union No. 151 requested that a letter be sent to the union to send another delegate. Grocery Clerks' Union No. 648, look for and demand the union button. Molders' Union reminded the delegates that the Wedgewood, Occidental and Spark stoves are local union-made. Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union stated work is fair. Sign Painters' Union reported they are busy just now; look for their union label on all political signs. Bill Posters and Billers' Union No. 44 reported work fair just now.

Agitation Committee: Secretary read the report and after some discussion the action was to refer the float matter back to the secretary and Delegate G. L. Phillips. On the matter of requesting unions to delegate two of their members to march with the League's float, the secretary was instructed to report this request at the Labor Council and Labor

Day Committee meetings. Relative to breast strips, the secretary was instructed to order 100 of them.

Trustees: Approved all bills; same ordered paid.

New Business: Brother Jack Williams submitted a statement as to the reason of the name Trades Union Promotional League. Same was referred to the next meeting for discussion.

Receipts, \$84.83; bills paid, \$56.10.

Adjournment: Meeting adjourned at 9:50 p. m. to meet again September 5, when the Ladies' Auxiliary will furnish refreshments for the delegates and their friends. The Agitation Committee will meet again Monday, August 27, for further arrangements for Labor Day.

"Demand the union label, card and button as you march on Labor Day."

Fraternal submitted.

W. G. DESEPTE, Secretary.



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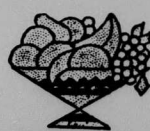
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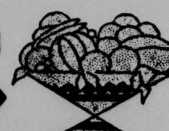
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